$\overline{\mathrm{CONSORT}}$ Checklist of items to include when reporting a randomized trial



PAPER SECTION	Item	Description	Reported
And topic			on
TITLE 9 ADOTDACT	1	Llow portion onto were allocated to interventions (s.g. llocated	Page #
TITLE & ABSTRACT	1	How participants were allocated to interventions (e.g., "random allocation", "randomized", or "randomly assigned").	
INTRODUCTION	2	Scientific background and explanation of rationale.	
Background	2	Scientific background and explanation of rationale.	
METHODS	3	Eligibility criteria for participants and the settings and locations	
Participants		where the data were collected.	
Interventions	4	Precise details of the interventions intended for each group and	
		how and when they were actually administered.	
Objectives	5	Specific objectives and hypotheses.	
Outcomes	6	Clearly defined primary and secondary outcome measures and,	
		when applicable, any methods used to enhance the quality of	
		measurements (e.g., multiple observations, training of	
		assessors).	
Sample size	7	How sample size was determined and, when applicable,	
Dandam' - C-		explanation of any interim analyses and stopping rules.	
Randomization	8	Method used to generate the random allocation sequence,	
Sequence generation	9	including details of any restrictions (e.g., blocking, stratification)	
Randomization Allocation	9	Method used to implement the random allocation sequence (e.g., numbered containers or central telephone), clarifying whether the	
concealment		sequence was concealed until interventions were assigned.	
Randomization	10	Who generated the allocation sequence, who enrolled	
Implementation	10	participants, and who assigned participants to their groups.	
Blinding (masking)	11	Whether or not participants, those administering the	
g (g)		interventions, and those assessing the outcomes were blinded to	
		group assignment. When relevant, how the success of blinding	
		was evaluated.	
Statistical methods	12	Statistical methods used to compare groups for primary	
		outcome(s); Methods for additional analyses, such as subgroup	
		analyses and adjusted analyses.	
RESULTS	13	Flow of participants through each stage (a diagram is strongly	
Participant flow		recommended). Specifically, for each group report the numbers	
·		of participants randomly assigned, receiving intended treatment,	
		completing the study protocol, and analyzed for the primary outcome. Describe protocol deviations from study as planned,	
		together with reasons.	
Recruitment	14	Dates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up.	
Baseline data	15	Baseline demographic and clinical characteristics of each group.	
Numbers analyzed	16	Number of participants (denominator) in each group included in	
	10	each analysis and whether the analysis was by "intention-to-	
		treat". State the results in absolute numbers when feasible (e.g.,	
		10/20, not 50%).	
Outcomes and	17	For each primary and secondary outcome, a summary of results	
estimation		for each group, and the estimated effect size and its precision	
		(e.g., 95% confidence interval).	
Ancillary analyses	18	Address multiplicity by reporting any other analyses performed,	
		including subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses, indicating	
	1.0	those pre-specified and those exploratory.	
Adverse events	19	All important adverse events or side effects in each intervention	
		group.	

DISCUSSION	20	Interpretation of the results, taking into account study	
Interpretation		hypotheses, sources of potential bias or imprecision and the	
		dangers associated with multiplicity of analyses and outcomes.	
Generalizability	21	Generalizability (external validity) of the trial findings.	
Overall evidence	22	General interpretation of the results in the context of current	
		evidence.	